



IVTScrip™ mRNA-Human ABCC5, (Cap 1, N1-Methylpseudo-UTP, 120 nt-poly(A))

Cat. No.: GTTS-WK11149MR

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product overview

This product GTTS-WK11149MR is a type of mRNA having 120 nt poly(A) tail and modified with Cap 0 & N1-Methylpseudo-UTP. It encodes the ABCC5 protein. This product can be used in Sertoli cell-related researches.

Specifications

Modified bases	N1-Methylpseudo-UTP
5' Cap	Cap 1
Species	Human
RefSeq	NM_001023587.3
Applications	Gene therapy research
Format	Powder
Quantity	100 µg
Purification	Chromatography

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GENE INFORMATION

Alternative Names	MRP5; SMRP; ABC33; MOATC; MOAT-C; pABC11; EST277145
Description	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the superfamily of ATP-binding cassette (ABC) transporters. ABC proteins transport various molecules across extra- and intra-cellular membranes. ABC genes are divided into seven distinct subfamilies (ABC1, MDR/TAP, MRP, ALD, OABP, GCN20, White). This protein is a member of the MRP subfamily which is involved in multi-drug resistance. This protein functions in the cellular export of its substrate, cyclic nucleotides. This export contributes to the degradation of phosphodiesterases and possibly an elimination pathway for cyclic nucleotides. Studies show that this protein provides resistance to thiopurine anticancer drugs, 6-mercaptopurine and thioguanine, and the anti-HIV drug 9-(2-phosphonylmethoxyethyl)adenine. This protein may be involved in resistance to thiopurines in acute lymphoblastic leukemia and antiretroviral nucleoside analogs in HIV-infected patients. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Feb 2016]