



IVTScrip™ mRNA-Human AKR7A2, (Cap 0, Pseudo-UTP, 30 nt-poly(A))

Cat. No.: GTTS-WK16279MR

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product overview

This product GTTS-WK16279MR is a type of mRNA having 30 nt poly(A) tail and modified with Cap 0 & Pseudo-UTP. It encodes the AKR7A2 protein. This product can be used in Natural killer T (NKT) cell-related researches.

Specifications

Modified bases	Pseudo-UTP
5' Cap	Cap 0
Species	Human
RefSeq	NM_001320979.1
Applications	Gene therapy research
Format	Powder
Quantity	100 µg
Purification	Chromatography

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GENE INFORMATION

Alternative Names	AFAR; AKR7; AFAR1; AFB1-AR1
Description	The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the aldo/keto reductase (AKR) superfamily and AKR7 family, which are involved in the detoxification of aldehydes and ketones. The AKR7 family consists of 3 genes that are present in a cluster on the p arm of chromosome 1. This protein, thought to be localized in the golgi, catalyzes the NADPH-dependent reduction of succinic semialdehyde to the endogenous neuromodulator, gamma-hydroxybutyrate. It may also function as a detoxication enzyme in the reduction of aflatoxin B1 and 2-carboxybenzaldehyde. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2016]