



IVTScrip™ mRNA-Human APOH, (Cap 0, Pseudo-UTP, 30 nt-poly(A))

Cat. No.: GTTS-WK23432MR

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product overview

This product GTTS-WK23432MR is a type of mRNA having 30 nt poly(A) tail and modified with Cap 0 & Pseudo-UTP. It encodes the APOH protein. This product can be used in Liver bud hepatic cell-related researches.

Specifications

Modified bases	Pseudo-UTP
5' Cap	Cap 0
Species	Human
RefSeq	NM_000042.3
Applications	Gene therapy research
Format	Powder
Quantity	100 µg
Purification	Chromatography

SPECIFICATIONS

Modified bases	Pseudo-UTP
5' Cap	Cap 0
Species	Human
RefSeq	NM_000042.3
Applications	Gene therapy research
Format	Powder
Quantity	100 µg
Purification	Chromatography

GENE INFORMATION

Alternative Names	BG; B2G1; B2GP1
Description	Apolipoprotein H, also known as beta-2-glycoprotein I, is a component of circulating plasma lipoproteins. It has been implicated in a variety of physiologic pathways including lipoprotein metabolism, coagulation, hemostasis, and the production of antiphospholipid autoantibodies. APOH may be a required cofactor for anionic phospholipid binding by the antiphospholipid autoantibodies found in sera of many patients with lupus and primary antiphospholipid syndrome (APS). The anti-beta (2) glycoprotein I antibodies from APS patients, mediate inhibition of activated protein C which has anticoagulant properties. Because beta-2-GPI is the main autoantigen in patients with APS, the disruption of this pathway by autoantibodies may be an important mechanism for thrombosis in patients with APS.[provided by RefSeq, Dec 2019]